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United States Patent [19]

Okada et al.

[11] **Patent Number:** 5,192,815[45] **Date of Patent:** Mar. 9, 1993[54] **DENTAL RESTORATIVE MATERIAL**[75] Inventors: **Koichi Okada; Ikuo Omura**, both of Kurashiki, Japan[73] Assignee: **Kuraray Co., Ltd.**, Kurashiki, Japan[21] Appl. No.: **430,331**[22] Filed: **Nov. 2, 1989**[30] **Foreign Application Priority Data**

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[51] Int. Cl.⁵ **A61F 2/00; C08J 5/10; C08K 3/36; C08L 33/12**[52] U.S. Cl. **523/115; 523/116; 523/212; 523/213**

[58] Field of Search 523/116, 115, 212, 213

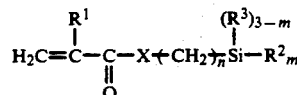
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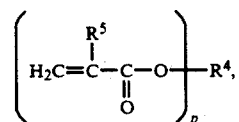
Primary Examiner—Paul R. Michl*Assistant Examiner*—U. K. Rajguru*Attorney, Agent, or Firm*—Oblon, Spivak, McClelland, Maier & Neustadt[57] **ABSTRACT**

Provided is a dental restorative material having high mechanical strength, abrasion resistance, hardness and excellent aesthetic appearance because it contains a large amount of an ultrafine filler having a particle size

of 0.1 μm or less, and can hence be used for restoring molars as well as foreteeth. The dental restorative material comprises an inorganic filler with a size of 0.1 μm or less which is insoluble in water and surface-treated with a silane coupling agent represented by the following general formula:



and a (meth)acrylate monomer composition containing at least 50% by weight based on the weight of the composition of at least one hydrophobic multifunctional (meth)acrylate represented by the following general formula:



said surface-treated inorganic filler being incorporated in an amount of at least 100 parts by weight based on 100 parts by weight of said monomer composition.

10 Claims, No Drawings